WikipediA

Coordinates: 41.7667°N 82.6409°W

Battle of Pelee Island

The **Battle of Pelee Island** took place during the <u>Patriot War</u> along what is now the Michigan-Ontario border in 1838 involving small groups of men on each side of the border seeking to "liberate" <u>Upper Canada</u> from the British.

Contents

Prelude

Battle

References

External links

Prelude

On February 26, 1838, the frozen ice of <u>Lake Erie</u> allowed 300 Canadian and American <u>Patriots</u> under the command of Major Lester Hoadley to take <u>Pelee Island</u> at the western end of the lake. This prompted British Colonel John Maitland to send a force to recapture the island and secure it from further attack. Maitland sent Major George Browne with 126 men, comprising two companies of the British 32nd Regiment, a detachment of the Canadian St. Thomas Volunteer Cavalry, and a small band of First Nations warriors to cut off the invaders. [2]

Battle of Pelee Island		
Part of the $\underline{\text{Upper Canada Rebellion}}$		
Date	March 3, 1838	
Location	Pelee Island, Upper	
	Canada	
Result	Government victory	
Belligerents		
Patriotes		State United
Hunters' Lodges		Kingdom
		₩ Upper
		Canada
		First Nations
Commanders and leaders		
Lester Hoadley †		K Captain
		George Browne
Strength		
300		126
Casualties and losses		
14 killed;		5 killed;
18 wounded;		25 wounded ^[1]
11 captured ^[1]		

Battle

On March 3, 1838, Browne's force intercepted the <u>Hunter Patriots</u> on the ice off the south western shore of the island and defeated them in a sharp fight. The British and Canadian casualties were 5 killed (4 from the 32nd Regiment and 1 Canadian cavalryman) and 25 wounded. On the Patriot side, Hoadley, his second-in-command, Captain Van Rensselaer, and 12 rank and file were killed by enemy fire, in addition to 1 man who drowned when he fell through the ice. 18 Patriots were wounded and a further 11 were captured, some of whom were also badly wounded.

References

- Guillet, Edwin C. (1938). The Lives and Times of the Patriots: An Account of the Rebellion in Upper Canada, 1837-1838, and the Patriot Agitation in the United States, 1837-1842. Toronto: Thomas Nelson & Sons, Limited.
- Mann, Michael (1986). A Particular Duty: The Canadian Rebellions, 1837-1839. Salisbury:

1 of 2 2022-09-11, 2:57 PM

Michael Russell (Publishing) Ltd. ISBN 0-85955-136-9.

- Graves, Donald (2001). Guns Across the River: The Battle of the Windmill, 1838. Toronto: The Friends of Windmill Point. ISBN 1-896941-21-4.
- 1. Guillet, pp. 101-102
- 2. Mann, p. 76

External links

- "The Battle of Pelee Island 1838 (https://web.archive.org/web/20070930184501/http://www.ont arioplaques.com/Plaques_DEF/Plaque_Essex34.html)
- Douglas, R. Alan (1976). "Prince, John" (http://www.biographi.ca/en/bio/prince_john_9E.html).
 In Halpenny, Francess G (ed.). <u>Dictionary of Canadian Biography</u>. Vol. IX (1861–1870)
 (online ed.). University of Toronto Press.: A veteran of the battle

Retrieved from "https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?title=Battle of Pelee Island&oldid=1069289802"

This page was last edited on 1 February 2022, at 15:11 (UTC).

Text is available under the Creative Commons Attribution-ShareAlike License 3.0; additional terms may apply. By using this site, you agree to the Terms of Use and Privacy Policy. Wikipedia® is a registered trademark of the Wikimedia Foundation, Inc., a non-profit organization.

2 of 2 2022-09-11, 2:57 PM